

Water-Wise Gardening



Permaculture



Fruits and Nuts need no Water

5 gallons/month

First 2-3 years

Then only in very

Dry Weather



Low Water Crops

Squash, Pumpkins



Peppers, Broccoli



High Water Use

Potatoes, Corn



Tomatoes, Beans



Winter Planting

Winter Wheat/Oats

Fava Beans/Leeks



Mulch, Mulch, Mulch, Mulch



Mulch, Mulch, Mulch, Mulch



Mulch, Mulch, Mulch, Mulch

Cover Crop

Cardboard/Newspaper



Weed Removal



Proper Watering Amounts/Times



Test Soil By Hand

Soil SHOULD Dry Out

More Water in Hot
Weather



You Do Need to Water

Oct- April

No Water needed

May- Sept

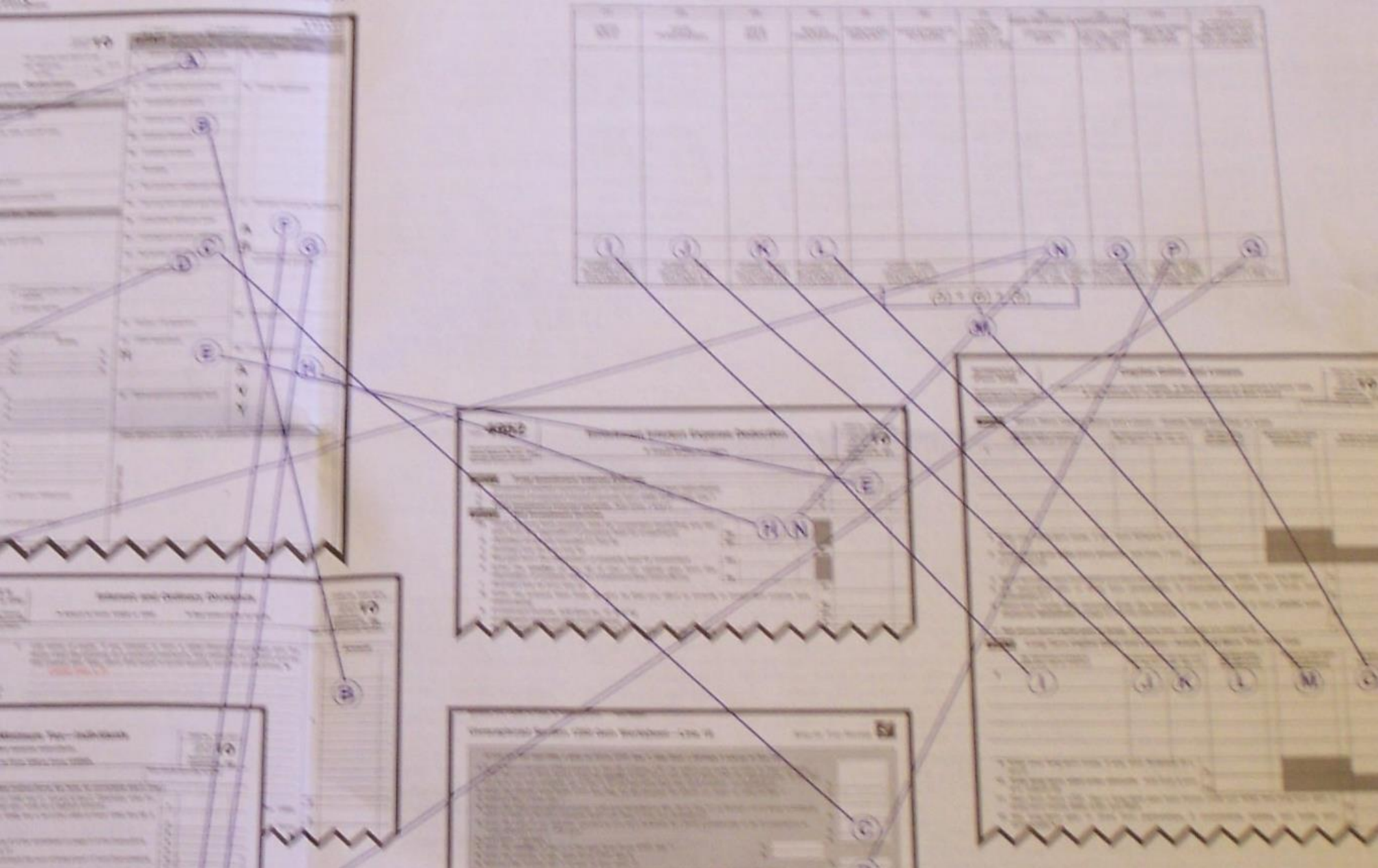
12"-20" Needed



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Drip Irrigation- It's Like Magic





**It Is Not Complicated.
These are tax forms, not drip irrigation plans.**

A large, tangled mass of black drip tubing is shown on a wooden surface. The tubing is coiled and intertwined, creating a dense, chaotic pile. In the background, a white cabinet with a handle is visible. The tubing is secured to the wooden surface with several metal brackets. A green text box is overlaid at the bottom of the image.

Last years drip tubing rolled up and put away will get a bit tangled, but you can straighten it.



You Will Save Water



You Will Not Have To Weed (as much)



Dry Plants Are Happy Plants

Advantages of Drip Irrigation



- Save Water -- Water applied to the soil, under mulch, goes to roots instead of evaporating
- Weeding Reduced
Don't water them- they won't grow
- Plants Stay Dry
Reduces disease, mold, mildew, cracking

This is a drip emitter. It will put out a measured amount of water-- say 1 gallon per hour. Emitters come in different rates, and styles

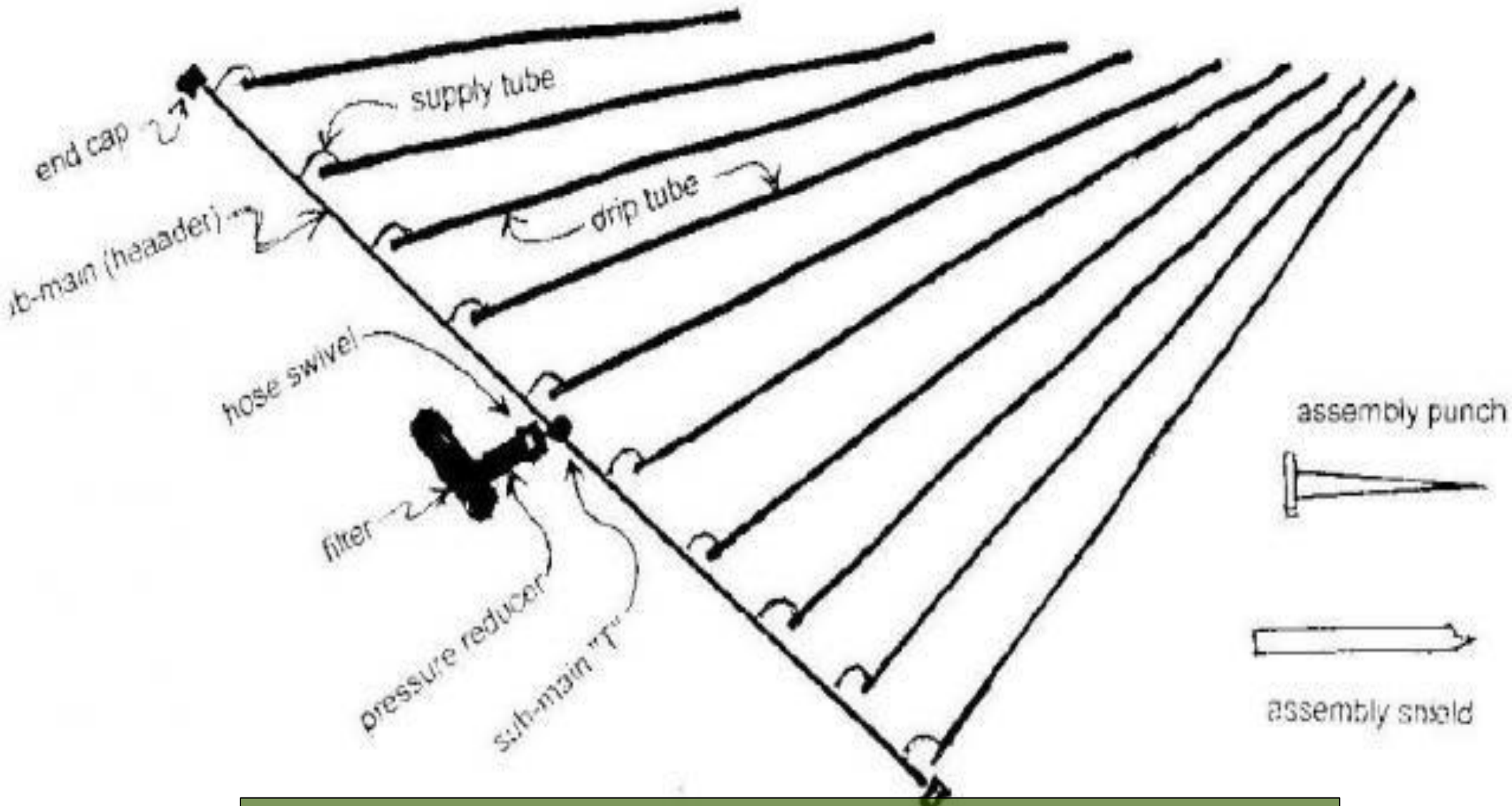


Drip Irrigation Is VERY Simple



You Will Need

- Water Supply
- Pressure Reducer (most systems)
- Main Line 1/2"
- Drip Lines – for bed crops
- Individual Drippers for single plants



This is a sketch of a basic system. A filter is included. We will get to that later.



The system on the previous page is perfect for corn, beans, or other row crops.

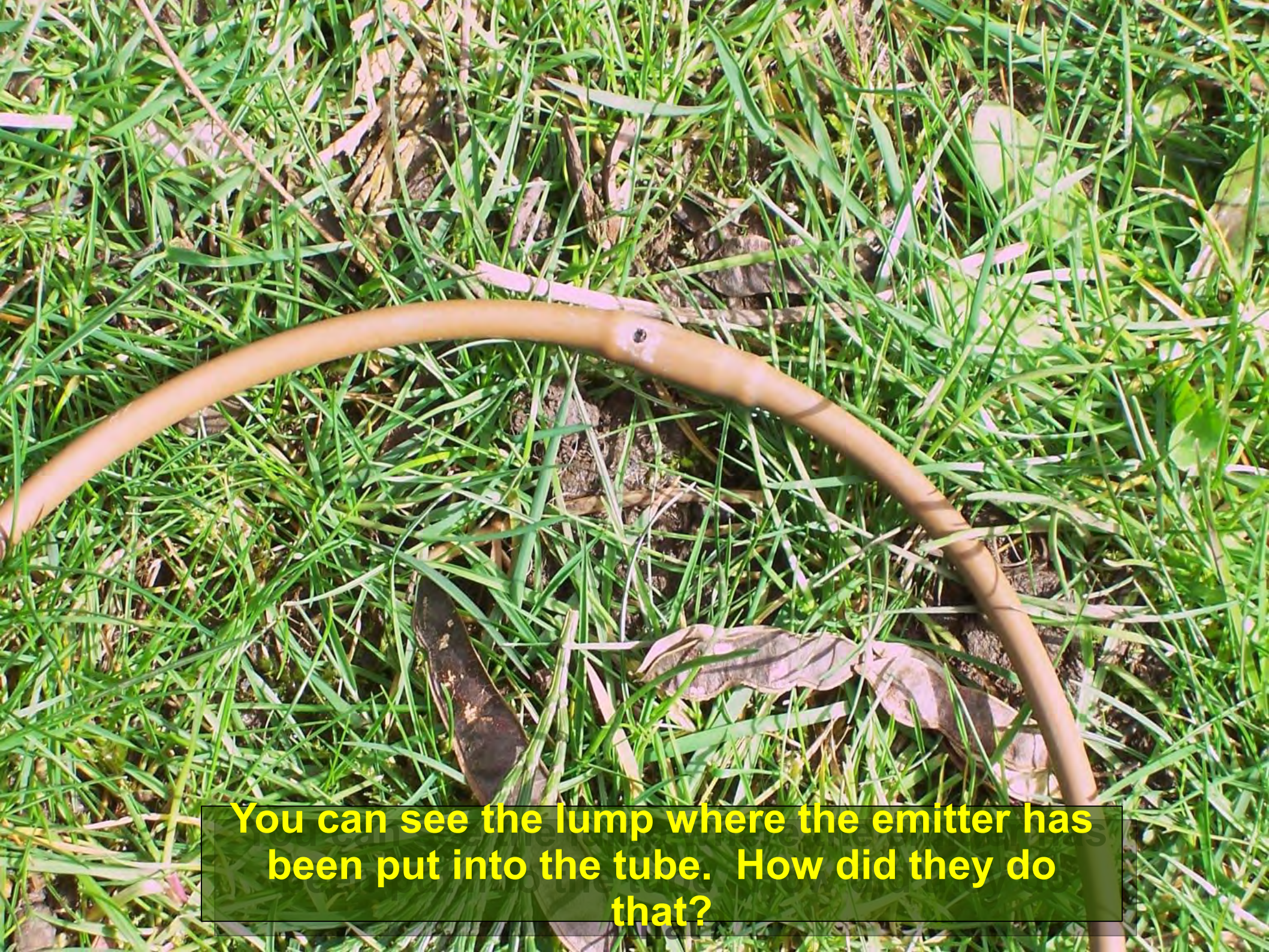


I like to use 1/4" tubing to get water close to the plants, rather than build an extensive network of 1/2" tubing. The 1/2" tubing is harder to work around, kinks more easily, and costs more.

Three Kinds Of Drip Tubes



- Inserted Drip Hole--
Clogs less
- Drilled Drip Hole--
Less expensive- more
prone to clogging
- 1/4" Soaker Hose
Should be used alone
to keep water
distribution equal



You can see the lump where the emitter has been put into the tube. How did they do that?



This is a laser drilled drip line. It costs a bit less, but clogs a bit more easily. Well water will add to clogging problems- city water works fine.

Pay Attention- this is all you need to know



Hose and Pressure Reducer



Pressure Reducer and 1/2" plastic soft plastic line



End Cap on Soft Plastic 1/2" line



1/4" line leading to perforated drip line, or drip emitters (1 or 2 gph)



Drip Tube Advantages



- Helps Germination-
Turn water on to dampen seeds.
- Keeps Weeds Down
You water the seeds-
not the weeds.



This is a single emitter on a line with a dozen drippers on it. They are watering tasty peppers

Drip Emitters



- In Line Style- String together a large number.
- End of the line style. Build a line with emitters branching off.
- A combination works well

Notice the in-line dripper has a tube holding Ridge at both ends. Don't use an end dripper where an in-line dripper should be used, or your downline emitters will be dry



In Line

**End of
the Line**

End of the Line



In Line



This is a combination set up that will water a dozen plants. Don't plant on concrete.





Attach 1/4" tubing without connection plug

Insert 1/4 " tubing like an IV



Attaching Lines to 1/2" Main Line



- Use A Poker Tool
- Use A Gutter Spike
- Use A Hole From Last Year, or the year before, or the year before, or the year before, or the year before...
- Have Plugs For Old Holes



If it is hard to put fittings together, dip the 1/4" tubing into hot water to soften it up.



This fitting goes into the 1/2" tube through the hole you made. You can just put the 1/4" line into the hole too.



A Plug is used to fill a hole you made last year, but don't need this year.

Less leakage if you skip the connector



The End of the Distribution Line



Other Drip Systems



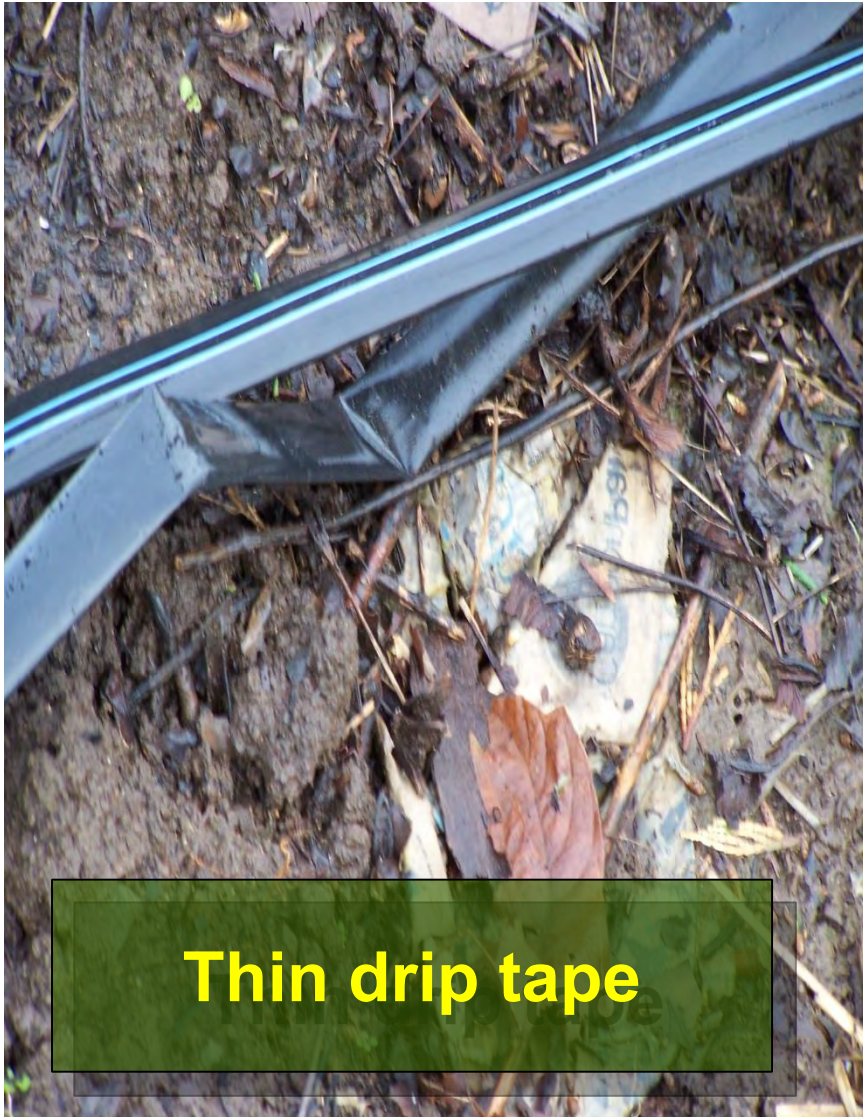
- Drip Tape- Cheaper, but good for ag uses.
- Soaker Hoses- Can be used, but usually put too much water down, and put it down in the wrong places.



This soaker hose is watering the soil near the plants instead of just the soil at the base of the plants. That will promote weed growth, and waste water.

**Soaker hoses are bad !
for most garden applications**

Drip Tape

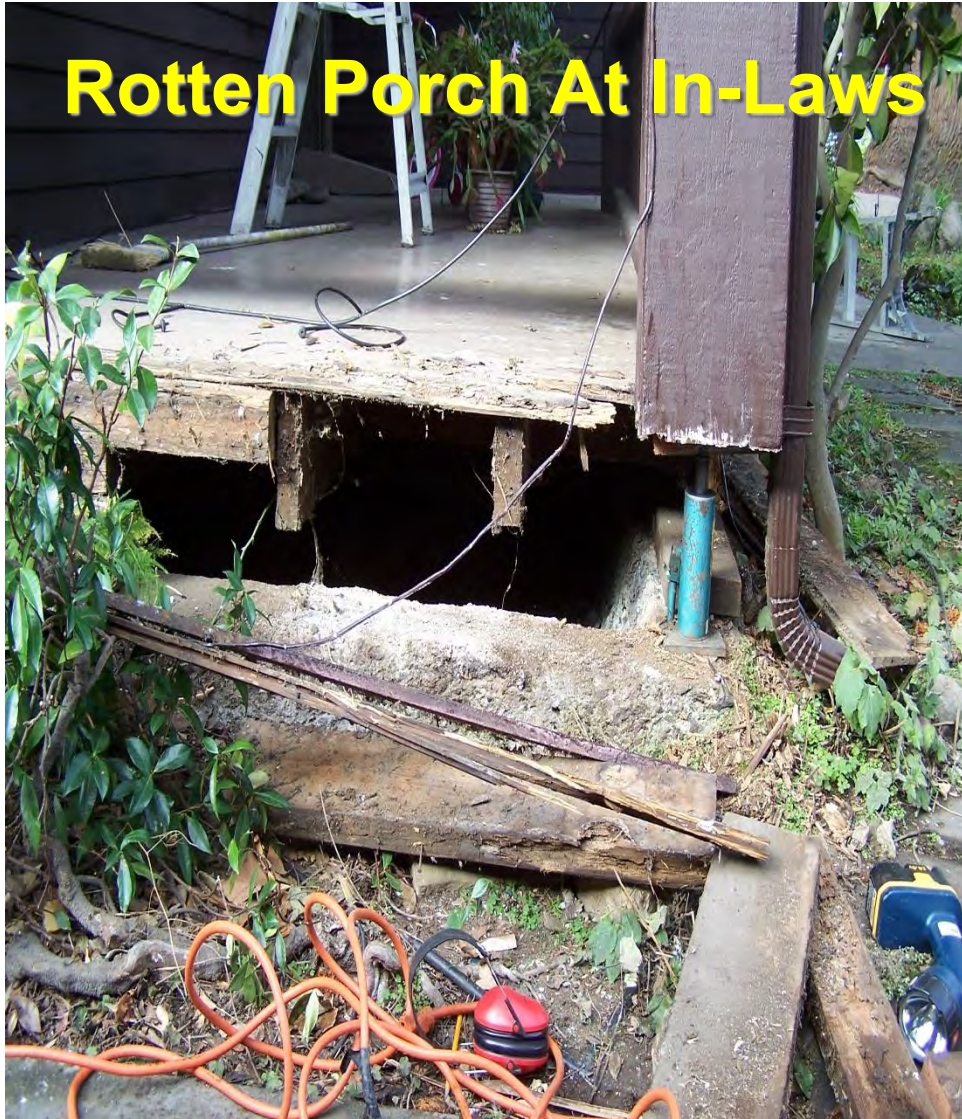


Drip Tape Differences



- This is the supply for the drip tape system
- No Pressure Reducer
- Does Not Go Around Corners Well
- Is More Subject to Sun Damage

Disadvantages To Drip Systems



Real Problems With Drip Systems



- Lines/Emitters May Get Clogged- Use a filter as in the picture.
- Some Spot Watering May Be Needed

Where To Get Materials



• Buy A Kit – may not fit your needs.

• Buy Parts – may cost a little more. Split parts with friends.

3 - 3/4 in. FHT swivel adapter with screen. Attach to the faucet (hose bib) or garden hose. Connect the poly tubing to the other side. (#18)

4 - 50' - 1/2 in. Polyethylene Tubing .600 ID x .700 OD
50 - pies de tubo de polietileno de 1/2 in. de .600 (D.I.) x .700 (D.E.)

5 - 50' - 1/4 in. Micro tubing
50 - pies de microtubo de 1/4 in.

6 - 1 - 1/2 in. Hose Connector to connect 2 pieces of 1/2 in. poly tubing. (#17)
1 - conector de manguera de 1/2 in. para conectar dos tubos de polietileno de 1/2 in. (núm. 17)

7 - 1 - 1/2 in. Tee for 3-way layout of 1/2 in. poly tubing. (#19)
1 - conector en T de 1/2 in. para conexión triple de tubo de polietileno de 1/2 in. (núm. 19)

8 - 20 - 1 GPH self-cleaning pressure compensating dripper. Black (#30)
2 - 2 GPH Green (#38) plus 2 - 4 GPH Red (#34)
20 - goteros compensantes autolimpiantes de 1 GPH Negros (núm. 30)
2 - verdes de 2 GPH (núm. 38) y 2 rojos de 4 GPH (núm. 34)

9 - 3 - 1/2 in. Tubing Holder Stakes to hold 1/2 in. poly tubing securely on the ground. (#60)
3 - estacas para tubo de 1/2 in. para sujetar el tubo de polietileno de 1/2 in. firmemente en el suelo. (núm. 60)

10 - 2 - 1/4 in. Tees for 3-Way layout of 1/4 in. micro tubing. (#26)
2 - conectores en T de 1/4 in. para conexión triple de microtubo de 1/4 in. (núm. 26)

11 - 2 - 1/4 in. Barbs to connect micro tubing to 1/2 in. poly tubing, or to connect two pieces of 1/4 in. micro tubing. (#25)
2 - conectores en T de 1/4 in. para conexión triple de microtubo de 1/4 in. (núm. 26)

12 - 1 - 1/4 in. Ball Valve to turn individual 1/4 in. lines on and off. (#65)
1 - válvula de bola de 1/4 in. para activar y desactivar tramos individuales de 1/4 in. (núm. 65)

13 - 5 - Tubing Holder Stakes to hold 1/4 in. micro tubing above the ground. (#57)
5 - estacas para tubo de 1/4 in. para sujetar el microtubo de 1/4 in. sobre el suelo. (núm. 57)

14 - 2 - Goof Plugs to close holes in 1/2 in. poly tubing. (#56)
2 - tapones multiuso para cerrar los orificios en el tubo de polietileno de 1/2 in. (núm. 56)

15 - 1 - Hole Punch (#52)
1 - punzón (núm. 52)

16 - 2 - Figure "8" Hose Ends to close the end of 1/2 in. poly tubing. (#55)
2 - cierres de manguera en "8" para tapar el extremo del tubo de polietileno de 1/2 in. (núm. 55)

INSTALACIÓN



Drippers can be installed directly into 1/2 in. poly tubing or extended away from the micro tubing. If the tubing is buried, the drippers should always be placed above the ground.

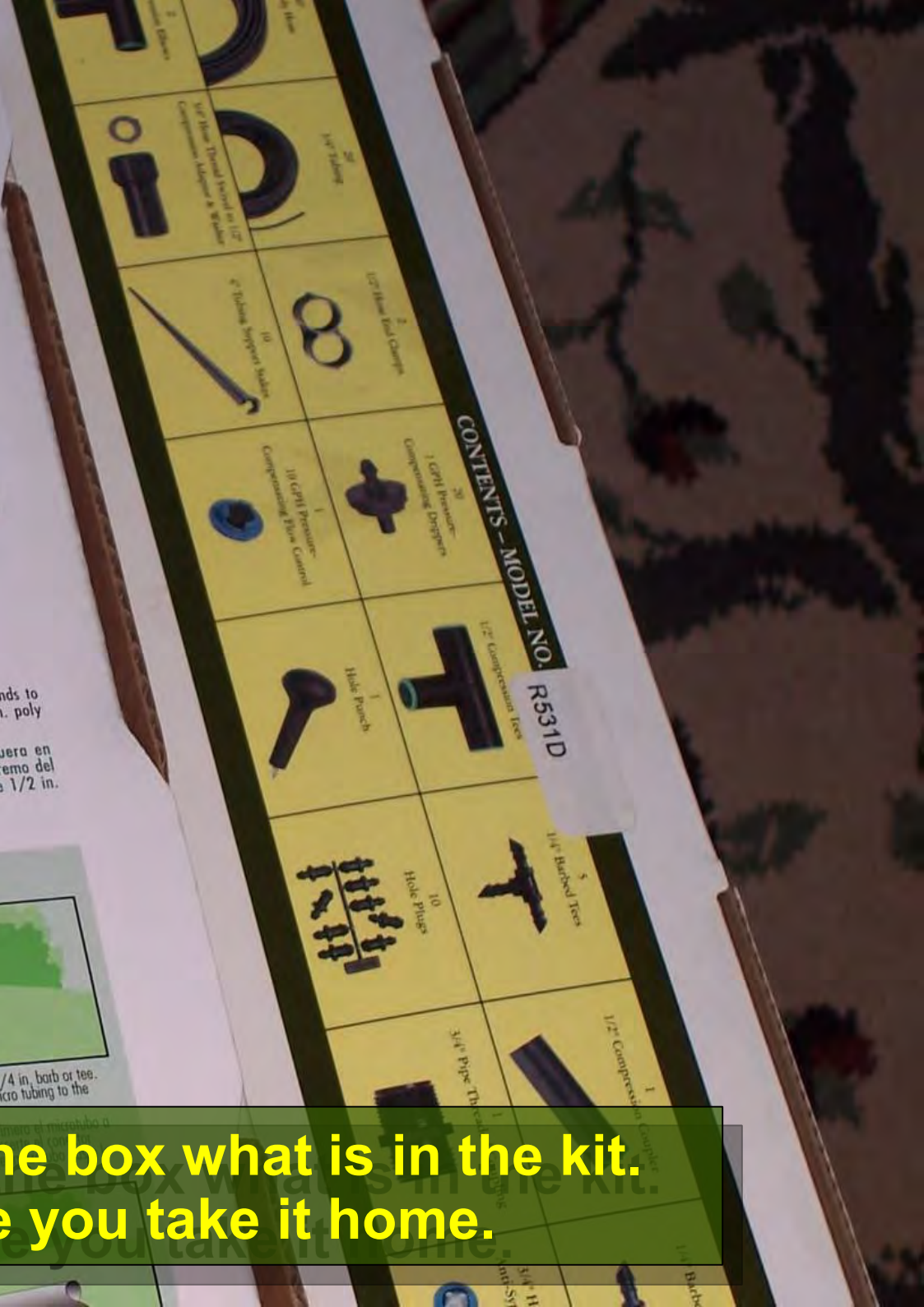
Los goteros se pueden instalar directamente en el tubo de polietileno de 1/2 in. o bien se pueden acercar a la planta con microtubos. Si va a enterrar el tubo, los goteros deben siempre encontrarse sobre el suelo.

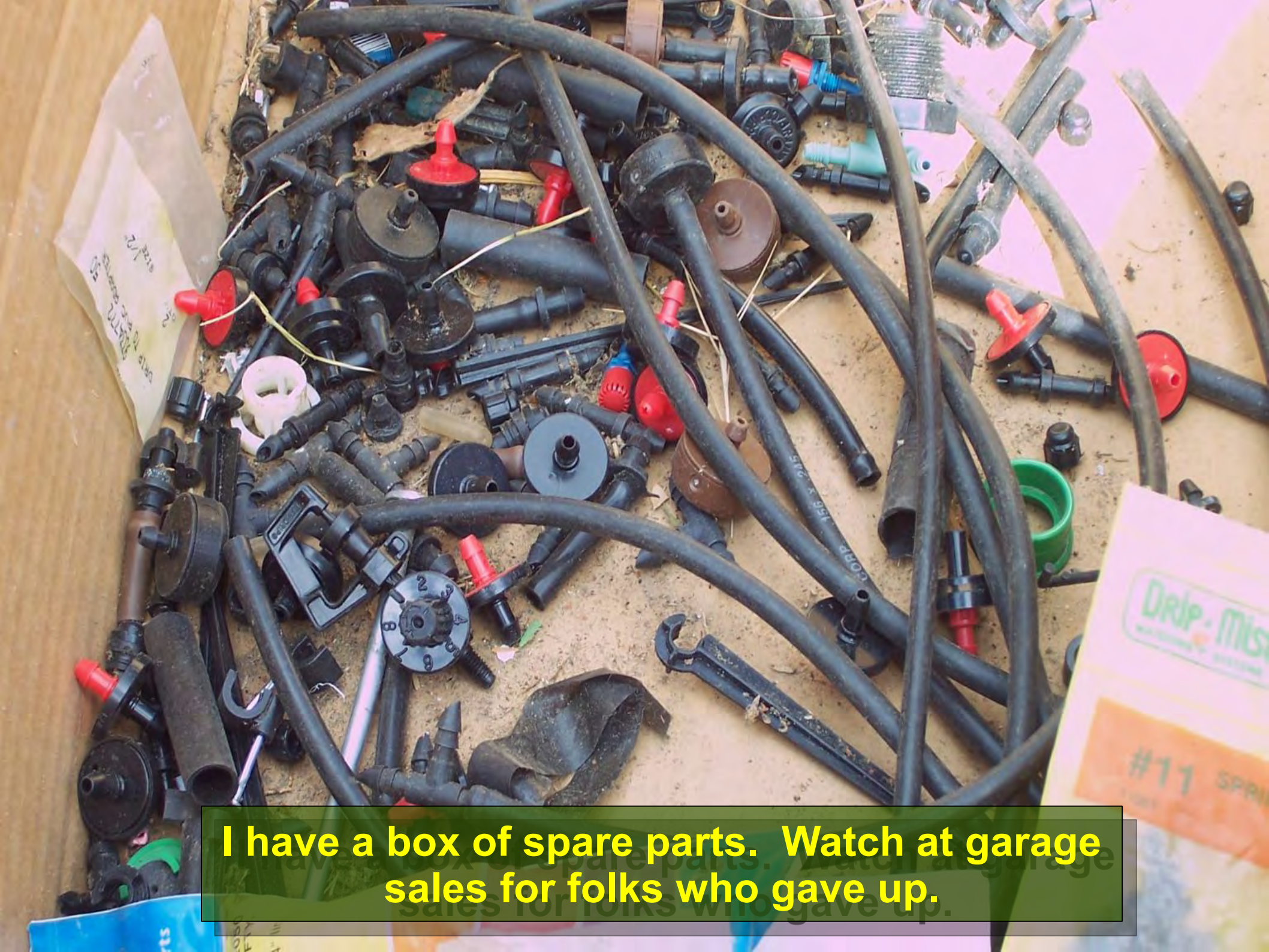


For plants far from the mainline, first attach micro tubing to a 1/4 in. barb or tee. Then insert the tee or barb into the 1/2 in. poly tubing. Run micro tubing to the plant as the dripper.

Para plantas lejos de la línea principal, primero conecte el microtubo a un barbillo o conector en T de 1/4 in. Luego inserte el barbillo o conector en T en el tubo de polietileno de 1/2 in. Corra el microtubo a la planta como el gotero.

You will see on the box what is in the kit. Look before you take it home.





I have a box of spare parts. Watch at garage sales for folks who gave up.

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Drip Irrigation- It's Like Magic !



Seeds and/or Plants



- Some plants need a head start
- Tomatoes/Peppers
- Melons

- Sometimes you are busy
- Broccoli/Cauliflower

- Sometimes you are Hungry
- Onion starts
- Leek plants

Organic Seeds for organic plants

Treated seed is usually colored

- GMO seed is not Organic, and is very rare for home gardeners.
- Do you grow soybeans?



Seed Saving from your own garden

Fava Beans

Poppy Seeds



Seed Saving from your own garden You are the breeder

Fava Beans

Save the
survivors/thrivers



Let Plants go to seed.

Lettuce- Let plants go to seed
Look for sprouts in the spring

Sorrel- Perennial vegetable
Seeds sprout to expand
or give away



Hybrid Seeds don't breed true

Pollen from Tassels

Goes down silks



Squash Hybrids may be good, or...



Squash Variety- Compost pile



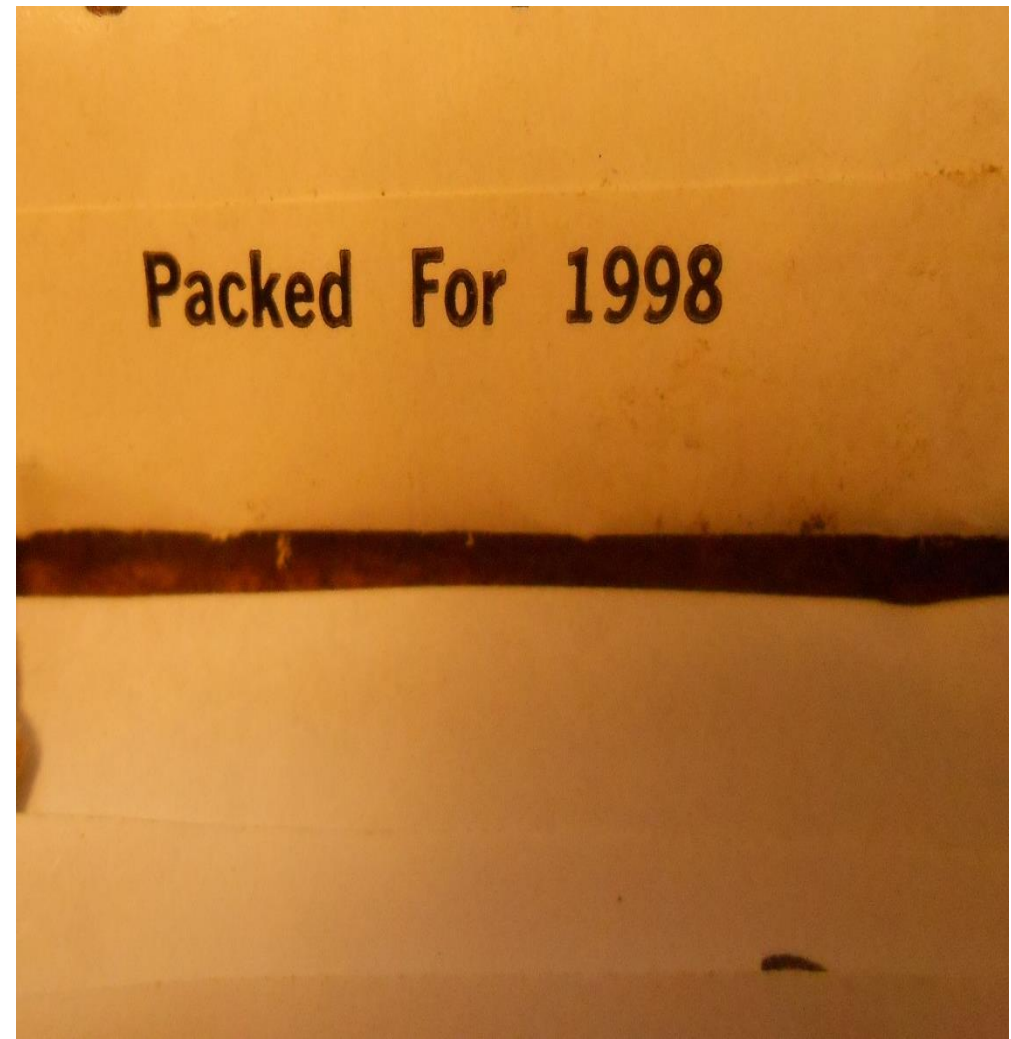
Seeds last a long time.
Larger Last Longer

Carrot Seeds 2-3 years

Lotus Seeds 1000 + Years



Plant the freshest seed you can



Check for pests in beans
48 hours in freezer will kill them

Weevil

